# **PRODUCT SPECIFICATION**



# 2.2" TFT LCD MODULE MODEL: YDP LCD I 220 Q

< >> Preliminary Specification

< ◆> Finally Specification

	CUSTOMER'S	S APPROVAL
CUSTOMER:		
SIG	NATURE:	DATE:

APPROVED	PM	PD	PREPARED
ВҮ	REVIEWED	REVIEWED	BY
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knitter-switch

# **Revision History**

Revision	Date	Originator	Detail	Remarks
1.0	2024.08.29	DFG	Initial Release	

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## 1. General Description

The specification is a transmissive type color active matrix liquid crystal display (LCD) which uses amorphous thin film transistor (TFT) as switching devices. This product is composed of a TFT-LCD panel, driver lcs and a backlight unit.

### 2. Module Parameter

Features	Details	Unit
Display Size(Diagonal)	2.2"	
LCD type	IPS TFT	
Display Mode	Transmissive /Normally black	
Resolution	180 RGB x454	Pixels
View Direction	FULL VIEW	Best Image
Module Outline	TBD (H) x TBD (V) x 2.5 (T) (Note1)	mm
Active Area	20.79(H) x 52.44(V)	mm
Pixel Size	115.5(H) x 115.5(V)	um
Pixel Arrangement	RGB Vertical Stripe	
Display Colors	16.7M	
Interface	QSPI	
With or without touch panel	Without	
Driver IC	SPD2010	-
Operating Temperature	-20~70	°C
Storage Temperature	-30~80	°C
Weight	TBD	g

Note 1: Exclusive hooks, posts, FFC/FPC tail etc.

## 3. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Vss=0V, Ta=25°C

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Supply Voltage	VCC	-0.3	3.3	V
Supply Voltage	IOVCC	-0.3	3.3	
Storage temperature	T <sub>STG</sub>	-30	+80	°C
Operating temperature	T <sub>OP</sub>	-20	+70	°C

Note 1: If Ta below 50°C, the maximal humidity is 90%RH, if Ta over 50°C, absolute humidity should be less than 60%RH.

Note 2: The response time will be extremely slow when the operating temperature is around -10 $^{\circ}$ C, and the back ground will become darker at high temperature operating.

## 4. DC Characteristics

Item		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Power supply		VCC	2.5	3.0	3.3	V
Power supply		IOVCC	1.65	3.0	3.3	V
Logic Low input voltage		$V_{IL}$	GND	-	0.2*IOVCC	V
Logic High input voltage		V <sub>IH</sub>	0.8*IOVCC	-	IOVCC	V
Logic Low output voltage		V <sub>OL</sub>	GND	-	0.1*IOVCC	V
Logic High output voltage		V <sub>OH</sub>	0.9*IOVCC	-	IOVCC	V
Current Consumption	Logic	loo luu		TBD		т Л
All white	Analog	ICC+ IIN	-	טסו	-	mA

## 5. Backlight Characteristic

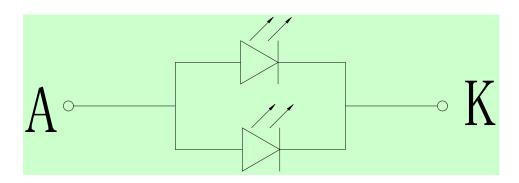
## 5.1. Backlight Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Forward Voltage	VF	Ta=25 °C, I <sub>F</sub> =20mA/LED	2.7	3.0	3.3	V
Forward Current	lF	Ta=25 °C, V <sub>F</sub> =3.0V/LED	-	40	-	mA
Power dissipation	PD		-	120	-	mW
Uniformity	Avg		-	80	-	%
LED working life(25°C)	-		-	30,000	-	Hrs
Drive method	Constant current					
LED Configuration		2 White LED	s in para	llel		

Note1: LED life time defined as follows: The final brightness is at 50% of original brightness.

The environmental conducted under ambient air flow, at Ta=25 $\pm2$  °C,60%RH $\pm5$ %, I<sub>F</sub>=20mA/LED.

## 5.2. Backlighting circuit



## 6. Optical Characteristics

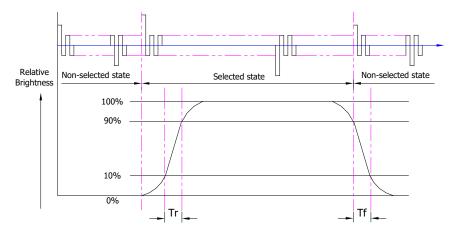
## 6.1. Optical Characteristics

Ta=25°C, VCC=3.0V

	140.00		Cymahal	Condition	S	pecificati	on	l lesi4
	Item		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
	Luminan							
	$TFT(I_f \texttt{=20mA/LED})$		Lv	Normally	240	300	-	cd/m²
oge	Contrast ratio	Contrast ratio(See 6.3)		viewing angle	1000	1200	-	
ssive M	Response time (See 6.2)		TR+TF	$\theta x = \phi Y = 0^{\circ}$		35	40	ms
Ĕ		Pod	XR		-	TBD	•	
ans	Contrast ratio(See 6.3)  Response time (See 6.2)  Red  Chromaticity Transmissive (See 6.5)  Blue  White	Neu	YR		•	TBD	•	
È		Green	Xg		-	TBD	-	
o		Green	YG		-	TBD	-	
l t	(See 6.5)	Blue	Хв		-	TBD	-	
<u>₹</u>	(See 0.3)	Diue	Yв		•	TBD	ı	
3ac		White	Xw		-	TBD	1	
"		vviile	Yw		-	TBD	ı	
		Horizontal	θx+		•	80	ı	
	Viewing Angle	rionzonial	θх-	Center CR≥10	-	80	-	Dog
	(See 6.4)	Vertical	фҮ+		-	80	-	Deg.
		vertical	φY-		-	80	-	
	NTSC Ratio	(Gamut)			-	65	-	%

### 6.2. Definition of Response Time

## 6.2.1. Normally Black Type (Negative)

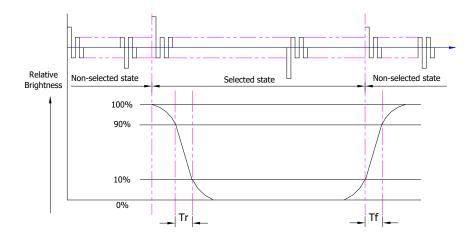


Tr is the time it takes to change form non-selected stage with relative luminance 10% to selected state with relative luminance 90%;

Tf is the time it takes to change from selected state with relative luminance 90% to non-selected state with relative luminance 10%.

Note: Measuring machine: LCD-5100

### 6.2.2. Normally White Type (Positive)



Tr is the time it takes to change form non-selected stage with relative luminance 90% to selected state with relative luminance 10%;

Tf is the time it takes to change from selected state with relative luminance 10% to non-selected state with relative luminance 90%;

Note: Measuring machine: LCD-5100 or EQUI

### 6.3. Definition of Contrast Ratio

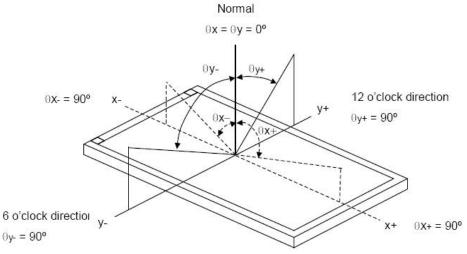
Contrast is measured perpendicular to display surface in reflective and transmissive mode.

The measurement condition is:

Measuring Equipment	Eldim or Equivalent		
Measuring Point Diameter	3mm//1mm		
Measuring Point Location	Active Area centre point		
Test nettern	A: All Pixels white		
Test pattern	B: All Pixel black		
Contrast setting	Maximum		

Definitions: CR (Contrast) = Luminance of White Pixel / Luminance of Black Pixel

## 6.4. Definition of Viewing Angles

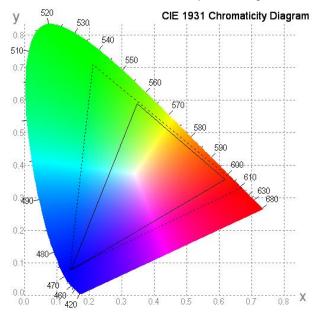


Measuring machine: LCD-5100 or EQUI

### 6.5. Definition of Color Appearance

R,G,B and W are defined by (x, y) on the IE chromaticity diagram NTSC=area of RGB triangle/area of NTSC triangleX100%

Measuring picture: Red, Green, Blue and White (Measuring machine: BM-7)

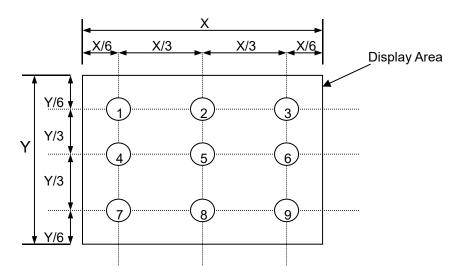


### 6.6. Definition of Surface Luminance, Uniformity and Transmittance

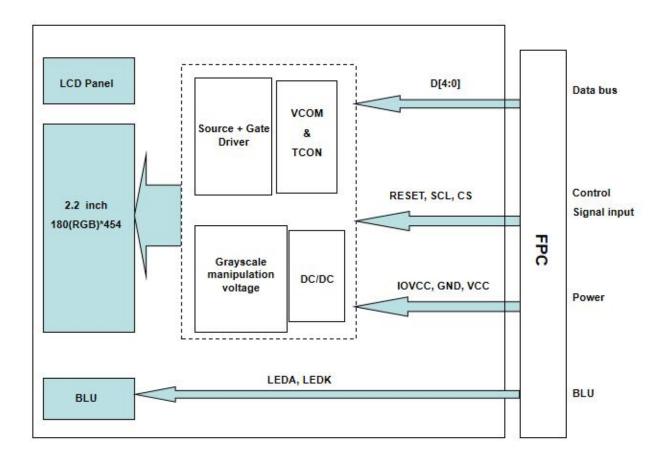
Using the transmissive mode measurement approach, measure the white screen luminance of the display panel and backlight.

- 6.6.1. Surface Luminance:  $L_V$  = average ( $L_{P1}$ : $L_{P9}$ )
- 6.6.2. Uniformity = Minimal  $(L_{P1}:L_{P9})$  / Maximal  $(L_{P1}:L_{P9})$  \* 100%
- 6.6.3. Transmittance =  $L_V$  on LCD /  $L_V$  on Backlight \* 100%

Note: Measuring machine: BM-7



# 7. Block Diagram and Power Supply



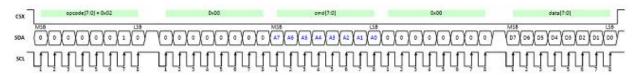
## 8. Interface Pins Definition

No.	Symbol	Function	Remark
1	GND	Ground	
2	GND	Ground	
3	NC	No connection	
4	IOVCC	Power Supply Logic	
5	VCC	Power Supply	
6	GND	Ground	
7	D3	Serial data input	
8	D2	Serial data input	
9	D1	Serial data input	
10	D0	Serial data input	
11	SCL	Serial clock signal	
12	RESET	Reset pin	
13	CS	Chip selection pin	
14	TE	No connection	
15	NC	No connection	
16	LEDA	LED Anode	
17	NC	No connection	
18	LEDK	LED Cathode	
19	NC	No connection	
20	GND	Ground	
21	NC(TP-RESET)	No connection	
22	NC(TP-INT)	No connection	
23	NC(TP-SDA)	No connection	
24	NC(TP-SCL)	No connection	
25	GND	Ground	

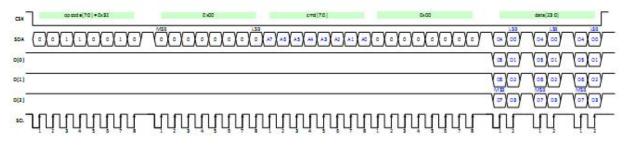
### 9. AC Characteristics

## 9.1. QSPI Timings

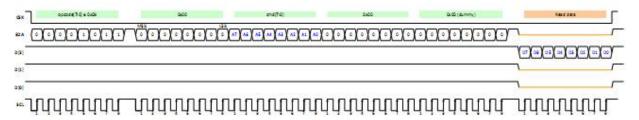
9.1.1. QSPI write command and write data (1 data lane)



9.1.2. QSPI write command and write data (4 data lane)

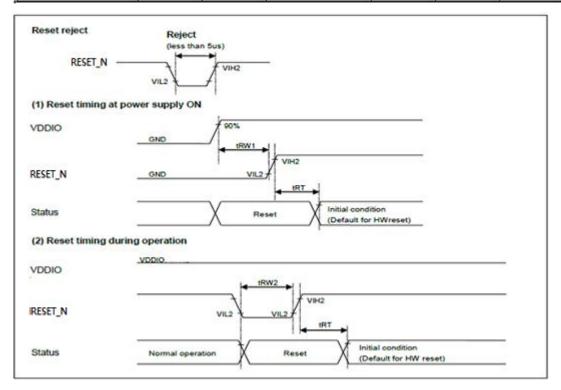


9.1.3. QSPI Read



## 9.2. Reset Timings

Item	Symbol	Unit	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.
Reset "Low" level width 1	tRWI	ms	Power On	1	0 <b>=</b> 0	-
Reset "Low" level width 2	tRW2	ms	Operation	1		
Reset time	tRT	ms		20	8.50	8.50



## 10. Quality Assurance

#### 10.1. Purpose

This standard for Quality Assurance assures the quality of LCD module products supplied to customer.

#### 10.2. Standard for Quality Test

10.2.1. Sampling Plan:

GB2828.1-2012

Single sampling, general inspection level II

10.2.2. Sampling Criteria:

Visual inspection: AQL 1.5

Electrical functional: AQL 0.65.

10.2.3. Reliability Test:

Detailed requirement refer to Reliability Test Specification.

### 10.3. Nonconforming Analysis & Disposition

- 10.3.1. Nonconforming analysis:
  - 10.3.1.1. Customer should provide overall information of non-conforming sample for their complaints.
  - 10.3.1.2. After receipt of detailed information from customer, the analysis of nonconforming parts usually should be finished in one week.
  - 10.3.1.3. If cannot finish the analysis on time, customer will be notified with the progress status.
- 10.3.2. Disposition of nonconforming:
  - 10.3.2.1. Non-conforming product over PPM level will be replaced.
  - 10.3.2.2. The cause of non-conformance will be analyzed. Corrective action will be discussed and implemented.

#### 10.4. Agreement Items

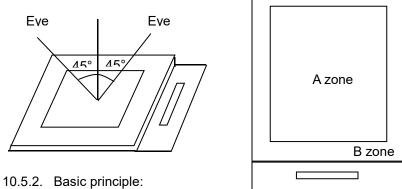
Shall negotiate with customer if the following situation occurs:

- 10.4.1. There is any discrepancy in standard of quality assurance.
- 10.4.2. Additional requirement to be added in product specification.
- 10.4.3. Any other special problem.

#### 10.5. Standard of the Product Visual Inspection

- 10.5.1. Appearance inspection:
  - 10.5.1.1. The inspection must be under illumination about  $1000 1500 \, lx$ , and the distance of view must be at  $30 \, cm \pm 2 \, cm$ .
  - 10.5.1.2. The viewing angle should be 45° from the vertical line without reflection light or follows customer's viewing angle specifications.

10.5.1.3. Definition of area: A Zone: Active Area, B Zone: Viewing Area,

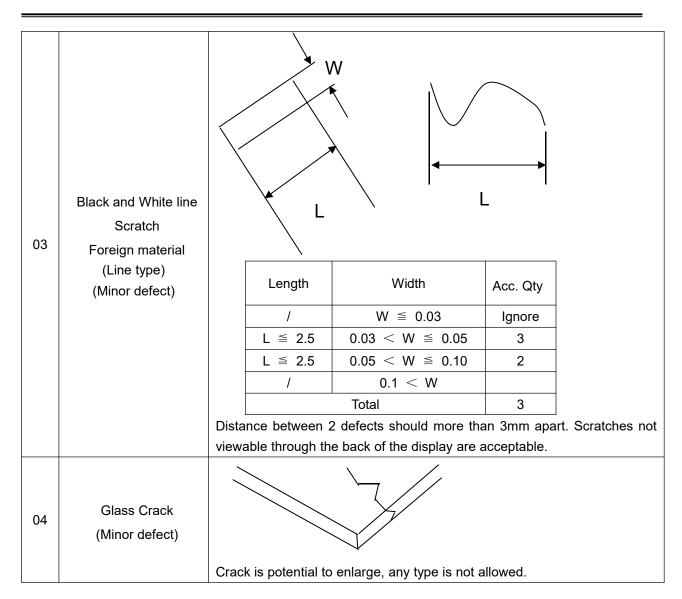


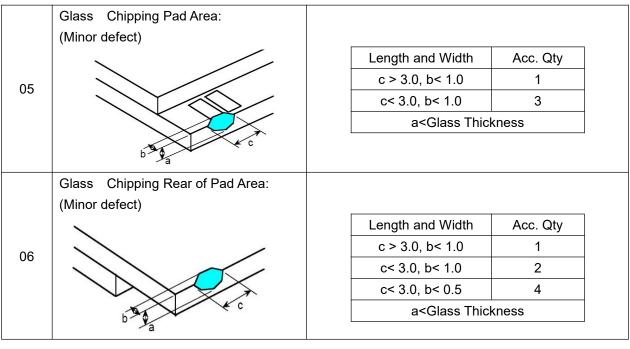
10.5.2.1. A set of sample to indicate the limit of acceptable quality level must be discussed by both us and customer when there is any dispute happened.

10.5.2.2. New item must be added on time when it is necessary.

## 10.6. Inspection Specification

No.	Item	Criteria (Unit: mm)						
01	Black / White spot Foreign material (Round type) Pinholes Stain Particles inside cell. (Minor defect)	φ= (a + b) /2		Area Size  φ≤0.10  0.10<φ≤0.15  0.15<φ≤0.25  0.25<φ  Total		2	Acc. Qty  Ignore  2  1  0 2 no include φ≤ 0.10	
		Distance between 2 defects should more than 3mm apart.						
	Electrical Defect (Minor defect)	Display /		Area Total				
		Bright dot	0		0		Note1	
		Dark dot	N <b>≤</b> 2		N≤2			
02		Total dot	N <b>≤</b> 2		N≤2			
		Mura Not visib		le through 5% ND filters.		Note2		
		Remark:  1. Bright dot caused by scratch and foreign object accords to item 1.				1.		





	Glass Chipping Except Pad Area:							
	(Minor defect)							
			Length and Width	Acc. Qty				
			c > 3.0, b< 1.0	1				
07			c< 3.0, b< 1.0	2				
			c< 3.0, b< 0.5	4				
	b 3		a <glass td="" thickness<=""></glass>					
	a T							
	Glass Corner Chipping:							
	(Minor defect)							
			Length and Width	Acc. Qty				
			c < 3.0, b< 3.0	Ignore				
08			a <glass td="" thicl<=""><td>kness</td></glass>	kness				
	Б							
	Glass Burr:							
	(Minor defect)							
	(Willion defect)		Length	Acc. Qty				
	F		F < 1.0	Ignore				
			1 < 1.0	ignore				
			Glass burr don't affect assemble and module					
			dimension.					
09								
	_							
	F							
10	FPC Defect:							
	(Minor defect)  w  a  a		10.1 Dent, pinhole width a <w 3.<="" td=""></w>					
								(w: circuitry width.)
			10	10.2 Open circuit is unacceptable.				
			10.3 No oxidation, contamination and distortion.					
			,					

11	Bubble on Polarizer		Diameter	Acc. Qty		
			φ≤0.20	Ignore		
			0.20 <φ≤0.30	4		
	(Minor defect)		0.30 <φ≤0.50	1		
			0.50 < φ	None		
			Diameter	Acc. Qty		
	Dent on Polarizer		φ≤0.20	Ignore		
12	(Minor defect)		0.20 <φ≤0.30	4		
			0.30 <φ≤0.50	1		
			0.50 < φ	None		
42	Bezel	13.1 No rust, distortion on the Bezel.				
13		13.2 No visible fingerprints, stains or other contamination.				
		14.1 No distortion or contamination on PCB terminals.				
	РСВ	14.2 All components on PCB must same as documented on the				
14		BOM/component layout.				
		14.3 Follow IPC-	•			
15	Soldering	Follow IPC-A-600F.				
	Johnson	The below defects must be rejected.				
		16.1 Missing vertical / horizontal segment,				
	Electrical Defect (Major defect)	16.2 Abnormal Display.				
		16.3 No function or no display.				
16		16.4 Current exceeds product specifications.				
		16.5 LCD viewing angle defect.				
		16.6 No Backlight.				
		16.7 Dark Backlight.				
		16.8 Touch Panel no function.				

Remark: LCD Panel Broken shall be rejected. Defect out of LCD viewing area is acceptable.

### 10.7. Classification of Defects

- 10.7.1. Visual defects (Except no / wrong label) are treated as minor defect and electrical defect is major.
- 10.7.2. Two minor defects are equal to one major in lot sampling inspection.

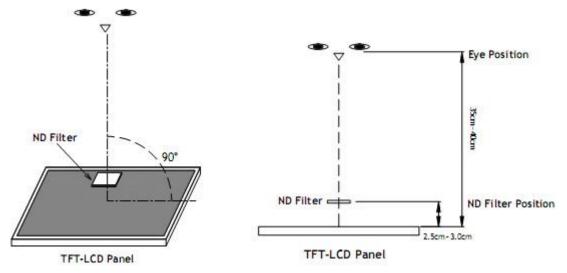
## 10.8. Identification/marking criteria

Any unit with illegible / wrong /double or no marking/ label shall be rejected.

#### 10.9. Packaging

- 10.9.1. There should be no damage of the outside carton box, each packaging box should have one identical label.
- 10.9.2. Modules inside package box should have compliant mark.
- 10.9.3. All direct package materials shall offer ESD protection.

**Note1**: Bright dot is defined as the defective area of the dot is larger than 50% of one sub-pixel area.



Bright dot: The bright dot size defect at black display pattern. It can be recognized by 2% transparency of filter when the distance between eyes and panel is  $350 \text{mm} \pm 50 \text{mm}$ .

Dark dot: Cyan, Magenta or Yellow dot size defect at white display pattern. It can be recognized by 5% transparency of filter when the distance between eyes and panel is  $350 \text{mm} \pm 50 \text{mm}$ .

**Note2:** Mura on display which appears darker / brighter against background brightness on parts of display area.

## 11. Reliability Specification

No	Item	Condition	Quantity	Criteria	
1	High Temperature Operating	70℃, 96Hrs	2	GB/T2423.2 -2008	
2	Low Temperature Operating	-20℃, 96Hrs	2	GB/T2423.1 -2008	
3	High Humidity Storage	60℃, 90%RH, 96Hrs	2	GB/T2423.3 -2016	
4	High Temperature Storage	80℃, 96Hrs	2	GB/T2423.2 -2008	
5	Low Temperature Storage	-30℃, 96Hrs	2	GB/T2423.1 -2008	
6	Thermal Cycling Test	-20℃, 30min~70℃, 30min, 20 cycles.	2	GB/T2423.22 -2012	
7	Packing vibration	Frequency range:10Hz~50Hz Acceleration of gravity:5G X, Y, Z 120 min for each direction.	-	GB/T5170.14 -2009	
8	Electrical Static Discharge	Air: $\pm$ 4KV 150pF/330 $\Omega$ 5 times	2	GB/T17626.2 -2018	
		Contact: $\pm$ 2KV 150pF/330 $\Omega$ 5 times	2		
9	Drop Test (Packaged)	Height:80 cm,1 corner, 3 edges, 6 surfaces.	-	GB/T2423.7 -2018	

Note1. No defection cosmetic and operational function allowable.

Note2. Total current Consumption should be below double of initial value

## 12. Precautions and Warranty

### 12.1. Safety

- 12.1.1. The liquid crystal in the LCD is poisonous. Do not put it in your mouth. If the liquid crystal touches your skin or clothes, wash it off immediately using soap and water.
- 12.1.2. Since the liquid crystal cells are made of glass, do not apply strong impact on them. Handle with care.

#### 12.2. Handling

- 12.2.1. Reverse and use within ratings in order to keep performance and prevent damage.
- 12.2.2. Do not wipe the polarizer with dry cloth, as it might cause scratch. If the surface of the LCD needs to be cleaned, wipe it swiftly with cotton or other soft cloth soaked with petroleum IPA, do not use other chemicals.

#### 12.3. Storage

- 12.3.1. Do not store the LCD module beyond the specified temperature ranges.
- 12.3.2. Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

#### 12.4. Metal Pin (Apply to Products with Metal Pins)

12.4.1. Pins of LCD and Backlight

12.4.1.1. Solder tip can touch and press on the tip of Pin LEAD during the soldering

12.4.1.2. Recommended Soldering Conditions

Solder Type: Sn96.3~94-Ag3.3~4.3-Cu0.4~1.1

Maximum Solder Temperature: 370°C

Maximum Solder Time: 3s at the maximum temperature

Recommended Soldering Temp: 350±20°C

Typical Soldering Time: ≤3s

12.4.1.3. Solder Wetting

Solder Pin Lead

Recommended

Solder Pin Lead

Not Recommended

#### 12.4.2. Pins of EL

12.4.2.1. Solder tip can touch and press on the tip of EL leads during soldering.

12.4.2.2. No Solder Paste on the soldering pad on the motherboard is recommended.

12.4.2.3. Recommended Soldering Conditions

Solder type: Nippon Alimit Leadfree SR-34, size 0.5mm

Recommended Solder Temperature: 270~290°C

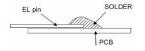
Typical Soldering Time: ≤2s

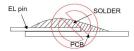
Minimum solder distance from EL lamp (body):2.0mm

12.4.2.4. No horizontal press on the EL leads during soldering.

12.4.2.5. 180° bend EL leads three times is not allowed.

#### 12.4.2.6. Solder Wetting





Recommended

Not Recommended

12.4.2.7. The type of the solder iron:





Recommended

Not Recommended

12.4.2.8. Solder Pad



#### 12.5. Operation

- 12.5.1. Do not drive LCD with DC voltage
- 12.5.2. Response time will increase below lower temperature
- 12.5.3. Display may change color with different temperature
- 12.5.4. Mechanical disturbance during operation, such as pressing on the display area, may cause the segments to appear "fractured".
- 12.5.5. Do not connect or disconnect the LCM to or from the system when power is on.
- 12.5.6. Never use the LCM under abnormal condition of high temperature and high humidity.
- 12.5.7. Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interface shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interference.
- 12.5.8. Do not display the fixed pattern for long time (we suggest the time not longer than one hour) because it may develop image sticking due to the TFT structure.

#### 12.6. Static Electricity

- 12.6.1. CMOS LSIs are equipped in this unit, so care must be taken to avoid the electro-static charge, by ground human body, etc.
- 12.6.2. The normal static prevention measures should be observed for work clothes and benches.
- 12.6.3. The module should be kept into anti-static bags or other containers resistant to static for storage.

#### 12.7. Limited Warranty

- 12.7.1. Our warranty liability is limited to repair and/or replacement. We will not be responsible for any consequential loss.
- 12.7.2. If possible, we suggest customer to use up all modules in six months. If the module storage time over twelve months, we suggest that recheck it before the module be used.
- 12.7.3. After the product shipped, any product quality issues must be feedback within three months, otherwise, we will not be responsible for the subsequent or consequential events.

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TBD

## 14. Outline Drawing

