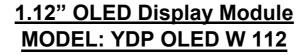
PRODUCT SPECIFICATION





- < >> Preliminary Specification
- < ◆> Finally Specification

CUSTOMER'S APPROVAL							
CUSTOMER:							
SIG	DATE:						

APPROVED	PM	PD	PREPARED
BY	REVIEWED	REVIEWED	BY

knitter-switch

Revision History

Revision	Date	Originator	Detail	Remarks
1.0	2022.07.29	ZFY	Initial Release	

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1. Module Parameter

Features	Details	Unit
Display Size(Diagonal)	1.12"	
Resolution	128 x 128	Pixels
Module Outline	27(H) x 30.1(V) x 1.25(T) (Note1)	mm
Active Area	20.14(H) x 20.14(V)	mm
Pixel Size	157(H) x 157(V)	um
Interface	8-bit 6800-series Parallel Interface 8-bit 8080-series Parallel Interface 4-SPI Interface IIC Interface	
With or without touch panel	Without	
Driver IC	SH1107	-
Display color	white	
Weight	TBD	g

Note 1: Exclusive hooks, posts, FFC/FPC tail etc.

2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Supply Voltage for Display	VPP	7	16.5	V	1,2
Supply Voltage	VDD	-0.3	3.6	V	1,2
Operating Temperature	T _{OP}	-40	70	°C	
Storage Temperature	T _{STG}	-40	85	°C	3
Life Time (100 cd/m²)		10000	-	hour	4

Note 1: All the above voltages are on the basis of "VSS = 0V".

Note 2: When this module is used beyond the above absolute maximum ratings, permanent breakage of the module may occur. Also, for normal operations, it is desirable to use this module under the conditions according to Section 3. "Optics & Electrical Characteristics". If this module is used beyond these conditions, malfunctioning of the module can occur and the reliability of the module may deteriorate.

Note 3: The defined temperature ranges do not include the polarizer. The maximum with stood temperature of the polarizer should be 80 $^\circ\! {\rm C}$.

Note 4: End of lifetime is specified as 50% of initial brightness reached. The reference average operation lifetime at room temperature is estimated by the accelerated at high temperature conditions.

3. Interface Pins Definition

No.	Symbol	Function						
		Power Supply for OEL F	Power Supply for OEL Panel					
1	VPP	This is the most positive voltage supply pin of the chip. It must be						
		supplied externally.						
		Voltage Output High Lev	Voltage Output High Level for COM Signal					
2	VCOMH	This pin is the input pin	for the voltage	output high lev	vel for COM			
		signals. A capacitor sho	uld be connecte	ed between thi	is pin and VSS.			
3	VDD	Power Supply for Logic						
	,55	This is a voltage supply	pin. It must be	connected to	external source.			
		Communicating Protoco	l Select					
			IM1	IM2]			
4	IM1	8-bit 68XX Parallel	0	1	1			
5	IM2	8-bit 80XX Parallel	1	1				
		4-wire SPI	0	0				
		I2C	1	0				
6	IREF	Current Reference for B	rightness Adjus	stment				
7	CS	Chip Select						
8	RES	Power Reset for Control	ller and Driver					
9	A0	Data/Command Control						
		When connected to an 8080 MPU, this is the WR signal. The signals						
10	WD	on the data bus are latcl	hed at the rising	g edge of the \	NR signal.			
10	WR	When connected to a 6800 Series MPU: This is the read/write control						
		signal input terminal. "H	"-Read. "L"-Wri	te.				
		When connected to an 8	3080 series MP	U, it is active I	LOW. This pad is			
		connected to the RD sig	nal of the 8080	series MPU,	and the data bus			
11	ERD	is in an output status wh	_					
		When connected to a 68						
		used as an enable clock	input of the 68	300 series MPI	U.			
12	D0	_						
13	D1	 Seriiall Data Input/Outpu	ut and cllock					
14	D2	·		e the serial da	ata input SI and			
15	D3	When serial mode is selected, D1 will be the serial data input SI and D0 will be the serial clock input SCL.						
16	D4	When I2C mode is selec	•	serial data inp	out SDA and D0 is			
17	D5	the serial clock input, S0		·				
18	D6	_						
19	D7							
20	GND	Ground of OEL System						

4. Optics & Electrical Characteristics

4.1. Optics Characteristics

Characteristics	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Luminance	Lbr		100	140	-	cd/m2
CIE (M/bito)	(x)	C.I.E. 1931	0.25	0.29	0.33	
C.I.E. (Writte)	C.I.E. (White) (y)		0.27	0.31	0.35	
Dark Room Contrast	CR		-	>10000:1	-	
Viewing Angle			-	Free	_	degree

4.2. DC Characteristics

Characteristics	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Analog power supply	VPP	11.5	12.	12.5	V
Digital power supply	VDD	1.65	2.8	3.5	V
Operating Current for VDD	IDD	-	55	100	μΑ
Operating Current for VCC	Ірр	-	25	32	μΑ
High Level Input	VIH	0.8×VDD	-	VDD	V
Low Level Input	VIL	0	-	0.2×VDD	V
High Level Output	VOH	0.8×VDD	-	VDD	V
Low Level Output	VOL	0	_	0.2×VDD	V

4.3. INTERFACE TIMING CHART

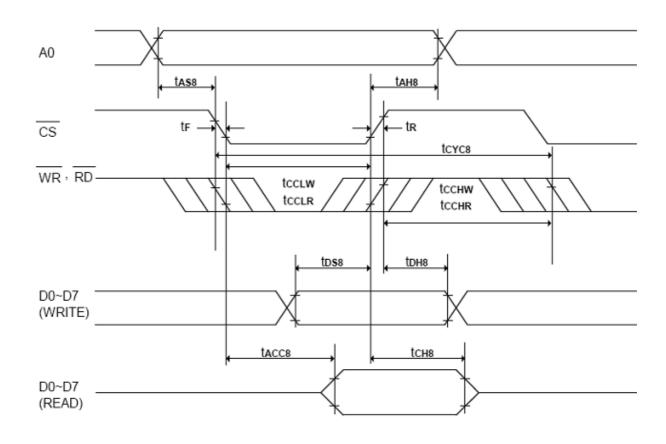
4.3.1. 8080-Series MCU Parallel Interface Timing Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
tcyc8	System cycle time	300	-	-	ns	
tAS8	Address setup time	0	-	-	ns	
tah8	Address hold time	0	-	-	ns	
tDS8	Data setup time	40	-	-	ns	
tDH8	Data hold time	30	-	-	ns	
tcH8	Output disable time	10	-	70	ns	CL = 100pF
tACC8	RD access time	-	-	280	ns	CL = 100pF
tccLw	Control L pulse width (WR)	100	-	-	ns	
tcclr	Control L pulse width (RD)	120	-	-	ns	
tccHW	Control H pulse width (WR)	100	-	-	ns	
tcchr	Control H pulse width (RD)	100	-	-	ns	
tR	Rise time	-	-	15	ns	
tF	Fall time	-	-	15	ns	

^{*} $(V_{DD} - V_{SS} = 1.65V \text{ to } 2.4V, T_a = 25^{\circ}C)$

Symb ol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
tcyc8	System cycle time	300	-	-	ns	
tas8	Address setup time	0	-	-	ns	
taн8	Address hold time	0	-	-	ns	
tDS8	Data setup time	40	-	-	ns	
tDH8	Data hold time	15	-	-	ns	
tснв	Output disable time	10	-	70	ns	CL = 100pF
tacc8	RD access time		-	140	ns	CL = 100pF
tccLw	Control L pulse width (WR)	100	-	-	ns	
tcclr	Control L pulse width (RD)	120	-	-	ns	
tccнw	Control H pulse width (WR)	100	-	-	ns	
tcchr	Control H pulse width (RD)	100	-	-	ns	
tr	Rise time	-	-	15	ns	
tF	Fall time	-	-	15	ns	

^{* (} V_{DD} - V_{SS} = 2.4V to 3.5V, T_a = 25°C)



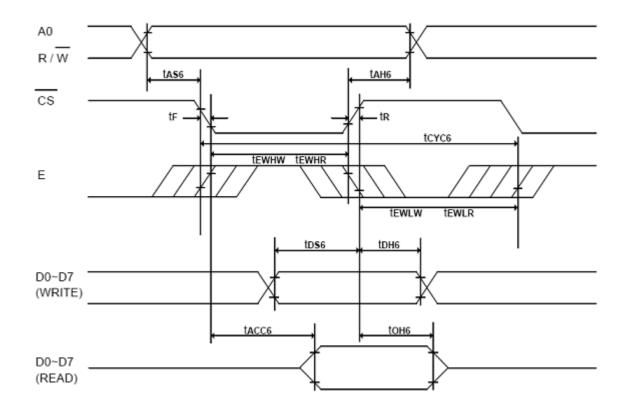
4.3.2. 6800-Series MCU Parallel Interface Timing Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
tCYC6	System cycle time	300	-	-	ns	
tAS6	Address setup time	0	-	-	ns	
tAH6	Address hold time	0	-	-	ns	
tDS6	Data setup time	40	-	-	ns	
tDH6	Data hold time	30	-	-	ns	
tOH6	Output disable time	10	-	70	ns	CL = 100pF
tACC6	Access time	-	-	280	ns	CL = 100pF
tewnw	Enable H pulse width (Write)	100	-	-	ns	
tEWHR	Enable H pulse width (Read)	120	-	-	ns	
tewLw	Enable L pulse width (Write)	100	-	-	ns	
tEWLR	Enable L pulse width (Read)	100	-	-	ns	
tR	Rise time	-	-	15	ns	
tF	Fall time	-	-	15	ns	

^{*} $(V_{DD} - V_{SS} = 1.65V \text{ to } 2.4V, T_a = 25^{\circ}C)$

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
tcyc6	System cycle time	300	727	2	ns	
tAS6	Address setup time	0	343	-	ns	
tan6	Address hold time	0	- 12	-	ns	
tDS6	Data setup time	40	1020		ns	
tDH6	Data hold time	15	-	-	ns	
toH6	Output disable time	10	8-8	70	ns	CL = 100pF
tACC6	Access time		-	140	ns	CL = 100pF
tewnw	Enable H pulse width (Write)	100	2=3	-	ns	
tewhr	Enable H pulse width (Read)	120			ns	
tEWLW	Enable L pulse width (Write)	100	-	*	ns	
tEWLR	Enable L pulse width (Read)	100	2750	-	ns	
tR	Rise time		3-3	15	ns	
tF	Fall time		80.00	15	ns	

^{*} $(V_{DD} - V_{SS} = 1.65V \text{ to } 3.5V, T_a = 25^{\circ}C)$



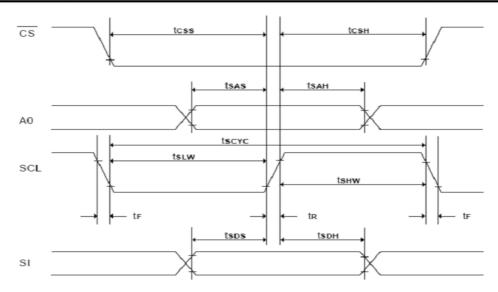
4.3.3. Serial Interface Timing Characteristics: (4-wire SPI)

 $(V_{DD} - V_{SS} = 1.65V \text{ to } 2.4V, T_a = 25^{\circ}C)$

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
t _{scyc}	Serial Clock Cycle Time	500	-	ns
t _{SAS}	Address Setup Time	300	-	ns
t _{SAH}	Address Hold Time	300	-	ns
t _{SDS}	Data Setup Time	200	-	ns
t _{SDH}	Data Hold Time	200	-	ns
t _{CSS}	Chip Select Setup Time	240	-	ns
t _{CSH}	Chip Select Hold Time	120	-	ns
t _{shw}	Serial Clock H Pulse Width	200	-	ns
t _{SLW}	Serial Clock L Pulse Width	200	-	ns
t _R	Rise Time	-	30	ns
t _F	Fall Time	-	30	ns

 $(V_{DD} - V_{SS} = 2.4V \text{ to } 3.5V, T_a = 25^{\circ}C)$

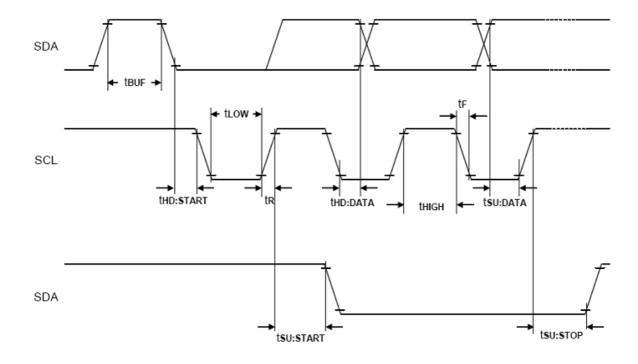
Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
t _{SCYC}	Serial Clock Cycle Time	250		ns
t _{SAS}	Address Setup Time	150	-	ns
t _{sah}	Address Hold Time	150	-	ns
t _{SDS}	Data Setup Time	100	-	ns
t _{SDH}	Data Hold Time	100	-	ns
t _{css}	Chip Select Setup Time	120	_	ns
t _{CSH}	Chip Select Hold Time	60	=	ns
t _{sHW}	Serial Clock H Pulse Width	100	-	ns
t _{SLW}	Serial Clock L Pulse Width	100	-	ns
t _R	Rise Time	-	15	ns
t _F	Fall Time	-	15	ns



4.3.4. I2C Interface Timing Characteristics

 $(VDD = 1.65 - 3.5V, TA = +25^{\circ}C)$

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
fscL	SCL clock frequency	DC	-	400	kHz	
TLOW	SCL clock Low pulse width	1.3	-	-	μs	
Тнісн	SCL clock H pulse width	0.6	-	-	μs	
Tsu:data	data setup time	100	-	-	ns	
THD:DATA	data hold time	0	-	0.9	μs	
Tr	SCL · SDA rise time	20+0.1Cb	-	300	ns	
TF	SCL , SDA fall time	20+0.1Cb	-	300	ns	
Cb	Capacity load on each bus line	-	-	400	pF	
Tsu:start	Setup timefor re-START	0.6	-	-	μs	
THD:START	START Hold time	0.6	-	-	μs	
Tsu:stop	Setup time for STOP	0.6	-	-	μs	
TBUF	Bus free times between STOP and START condition	1.3	-	-	μs	



5. Outgoing Quality Control Specifications

5.1. Environment Required

Customer's test & measurement are required to be conducted under the following conditions:

Temperature: $23 \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ Humidity: $55 \pm 15\% \text{ RH}$

Fluorescent Lamp: 30W

Distance between the Panel & Lamp: ≥ 50cm

Distance between the Panel & Eyes of the Inspector: ≥ 30cm

Finger glove (or finger cover) must be worn by the inspector.

Inspection table or jig must be anti-electrostatic.

5.2. Sampling Plan

Level II, Normal Inspection, Single Sampling, MIL-STD-105E

5.3. Criteria & Acceptable Quality Level

Partition AQL		Definition
Major	0.65	Defects in Pattern Check (Display On)
Minor	1.0	Defects in Cosmetic Check (Display Off)

5.3.1. Cosmetic Check (Display Off) in Non-Active Area

Check Item	Classification	Criteria
Panel General Chipping	Minor	X > 6 mm (Along with Edge) Y > 1 mm (Perpendicular to edge)

П		
Panel Crack	Minor	Any crack is not allowable.
Copper Exposed (Even Pin or Film)	Minor	Not Allowable by Naked Eye Inspection
Film or Trace Damage	Minor	CO.
Terminal Lead Prober Mark	Acceptable	
Glue or Contamination on Pin (Couldn't Be Removed by Alcohol)	Minor	
Ink Marking on Back Side of panel (Exclude on Film)	Acceptable	Ignore for Any

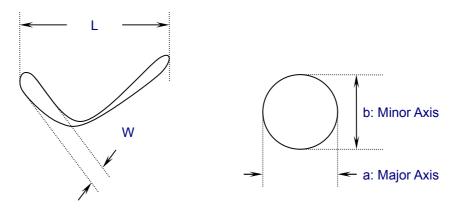
5.3.2. Cosmetic Check (Display Off) in Active Area

It is recommended to execute in clear room environment (class 10k) if actual in necessary.

Check Item	Classification	Criteria
Any Dirt & Scratch on Polarizer's Protective Film	Acceptable	Ignore for not Affect the Polarizer
Scratches, Fiber, Line-Shape Defect (On Polarizer)	Minor	$W \le 0.1$ Ignore $W > 0.1$ $L \le 2$ $n \le 1$ $L > 2$ $n = 0$
Dirt, Black Spot, Foreign Material, (On Polarizer)	Minor	$\Phi \le 0.1$ Ignore $0.1 < \Phi \le 0.25$ $n \le 1$ $0.25 < \Phi$ $n = 0$
Dent, Bubbles, White spot (Any Transparent Spot on Polarizer)	Minor	Φ ≤ 0.5 → Ignore if no Influence on Display 0.5 < Φ n = 0
Fingerprint, Flow Mark (On Polarizer)	Minor	Not Allowable

Note 1: Protective film should not be tear off when cosmetic check.

Note 2: Definition of W & L & Φ (Unit: mm): Φ = (a + b) / 2



5.3.3. Pattern Check (Display On) in Active Area

Check Item	Classification	Criteria
No Display	Major	
Missing Line	Major	
Pixel Short	Major	
Darker Pixel	Major	
Wrong Display	Major	
Un-uniform	Major	

6. Reliability Specification

6.1. Contents of Reliability Tests

No	Item	Condition	Quantity
1	High Temperature Operating	70℃, 240Hrs	2
2	Low Temperature Operating	-40℃, 240Hrs	2
3	High Humidity	60℃, 90%RH, 120Hrs	2
4	High Temperature Storage	85℃, 240Hrs	2
5	Low Temperature Storage	-40℃, 240Hrs	2
6	Thermal Cycling Test	-40 °C, 30min ~ 85 °C, 30min, 24 cycles.	2

Note1. The samples used for the above tests do not include polarizer.

Note2. No moisture condensation is observed during tests.

6.2. Failure Check Standard

After the completion of the described reliability test, the samples were left at room temperature for 2 hrs prior to conducting the failure test at $23\pm5^{\circ}$; $55\pm15\%$ RH.

7. Precautions When Using These OLED Display Modules

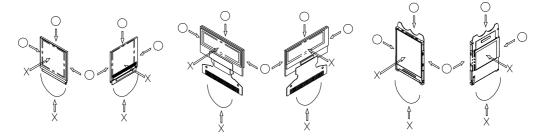
7.1. Handling Precautions

- 1) Since the display panel is being made of glass, do not apply mechanical impacts such us dropping from a high position.
- 2) If the display panel is broken by some accident and the internal organic substance leaks out, be careful not to inhale nor lick the organic substance.
- 3) If pressure is applied to the display surface or its neighborhood of the OLED display module, the cell structure may be damaged and be careful not to apply pressure to these sections.
- 4) The polarizer covering the surface of the OLED display module is soft and easily scratched. Please be careful when handling the OLED display module.
- 5) When the surface of the polarizer of the OLED display module has soil, clean the surface. It takes advantage of by using following adhesion tape.
 - * Scotch Mending Tape No. 810 or an equivalent

Never try to breathe upon the soiled surface nor wipe the surface using cloth containing solvent such as ethyl alcohol, since the surface of the polarizer will become cloudy.

Also, pay attention that the following liquid and solvent may spoil the polarizer:

- * Water
- * Ketone
- * Aromatic Solvents
- 6) Hold OLED display module very carefully when placing OLED display module into the system housing. Do not apply excessive stress or pressure to OLED display module. And, do not over bend the film with electrode pattern layouts. These stresses will influence the display performance. Also, secure sufficient rigidity for the outer cases.



- 7) Do not apply stress to the driver IC and the surrounding molded sections.
- 8) Do not disassemble nor modify the OLED display module.
- 9) Do not apply input signals while the logic power is off.
- 10) Pay sufficient attention to the working environments when handing OLED display modules to prevent occurrence of element breakage accidents by static electricity.
 - * Be sure to make human body grounding when handling OLED display modules.
 - * Be sure to ground tools to use or assembly such as soldering irons.
 - * To suppress generation of static electricity, avoid carrying out assembly work under dry environments.
 - * Protective film is being applied to the surface of the display panel of the OLED display module. Be careful since static electricity may be generated when exfoliating the protective film.
- 11) Protection film is being applied to the surface of the display panel and removes the

- protection film before assembling it. At this time, if the OLED display module has been stored for a long period of time, residue adhesive material of the protection film may remain on the surface of the display panel after removed of the film. In such case, remove the residue material by the method introduced in the above Section 5).
- 12) If electric current is applied when the OLED display module is being dewed or when it is placed under high humidity environments, the electrodes may be corroded and be careful to avoid the above.

7.2. Storage Precautions

- 1) When storing OLED display modules, put them in static electricity preventive bags avoiding exposure to direct sun light nor to lights of fluorescent lamps. and, also, avoiding high temperature and high humidity environment or low temperature (less than 0°C) environments. (We recommend you to store these modules in the packaged state when they were shipped from Newvision technology Co.,Ltd.)
 - At that time, be careful not to let water drops adhere to the packages or bags nor let dewing occur with them.
- 2) If electric current is applied when water drops are adhering to the surface of the OLED display module, when the OLED display module is being dewed or when it is placed under high humidity environments, the electrodes may be corroded and be careful about the above.

7.3. Designing Precautions

- 1) The absolute maximum ratings are the ratings which cannot be exceeded for OLED display module, and if these values are exceeded, panel damage may be happen.
- 2) To prevent occurrence of malfunctioning by noise, pay attention to satisfy the V_{IL} and V_{IH} specifications and, at the same time, to make the signal line cable as short as possible.
- 3) We recommend you to install excess current preventive unit (fuses, etc.) to the power circuit (V_{DD}) . (Recommend value: 0.5A)
- 4) Pay sufficient attention to avoid occurrence of mutual noise interference with the neighboring devices.
- 5) As for EMI, take necessary measures on the equipment side basically.
- 6) When fastening the OLED display module, fasten the external plastic housing section.
- 7) If power supply to the OLED display module is forcibly shut down by such errors as taking out the main battery while the OLED display panel is in operation, we cannot guarantee the quality of this OLED display module.
- 8) The electric potential to be connected to the rear face of the IC chip should be as follows: SSD1316
 - *Connection (contact) to any other potential than the above may lead to rupture of the IC.

7.4. Precautions when disposing of the OLED display modules

Request the qualified companies to handle industrial wastes when disposing of the OLED display modules. Or, when burning them, be sure to observe the environmental and hygienic laws and regulations.

7.5. Other Precautions

- 1) When an OLED display module is operated for a long of time with fixed pattern may remain as an after image or slight contrast deviation may occur.
 - Nonetheless, if the operation is interrupted and left unused for a while, normal state can be restored. Also, there will be no problem in the reliability of the module.
- To protect OLED display modules from performance drops by static electricity rapture, etc., do not touch the following sections whenever possible while handling the OLED display modules.
 - * Pins and electrodes
 - * Pattern layouts such as the FPC
- 3) With this OLED display module, the OLED driver is being exposed. Generally speaking, semiconductor elements change their characteristics when light is radiated according to the principle of the solar battery. Consequently, if this OLED driver is exposed to light, malfunctioning may occur.
 - * Design the product and installation method so that the OLED driver may be shielded from light in actual usage.
 - * Design the product and installation method so that the OLED driver may be shielded from light during the inspection processes.
- 4) Although this OLED display module stores the operation state data by the commands and the indication data, when excessive external noise, etc. enters into the module, the internal status may be changed. It therefore is necessary to take appropriate measures to suppress noise generation or to protect from influences of noise on the system design.
- 5) We recommend you to construct its software to make periodical refreshment of the operation statuses (re-setting of the commands and re-transference of the display data) to cope with catastrophic noise.

7.6. Warranty

The warranty period shall last twelve months from the date of delivery. Buyer shall be completed to assemble all the processes within the effective twelve months. We shall be liable for replacing any products which contain defective material or process which do not conform to the product specification, applicable drawings and specifications during the warranty period. All products must be preserved, handled and appearance to permit efficient handling during warranty period. The warranty coverage would be exclusive while the returned goods are out of the terms above.

8. Outline Drawing

